

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

CONTRIBUTOR PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

SUBJECT CODE: 2990001

B.E. 1ST YEAR

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching Scheme			Credits C	Examination Marks				Total Marks
L	T	P		Theory Marks		Practical Marks		
			ESE (E)	PA (M)	ESE Pr/Viva (V)	PA (I)		
4	0	0	4	70	30	30	20	150

L- Lectures; T- Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P- Practical; C- Credit; ESE- End Semester Examination; PA- Progressive Assessment

Note: It is the responsibility of the institute heads that marks for **PA of theory & ESE and PA of practical** for each student are entered online into the GTU Portal at the end of each semester within the dates specified by GTU.

Note:

1. This subject is compulsory.
2. 4 Credits will be over and above the existing credit structure.
3. This subject will be taught by faculty of English. For B. Pharm., the institute will have to nominate one faculty member for the subject.
4. In Institutes, whereas the load is not managed by the lecturers of English only, please nominate the other faculty for teaching the course of Contributor Personality Development.

(A) Background

The Contributor Personality Program has been designed keeping in mind the following:

- 1.0 Technology students should not only be excellently trained in the technological field, they should acquire soft skills if they are to be successful. Every student must also learn about the techniques of effective participation in a group discussion. He/she must learn to prepare his/her resume and he/she should also be groomed for presenting himself/herself at an interview.
- 2.0 There is a great need to equip students with not only the right skill-sets but also the right mindsets.



- 3.0 The „mind-sets“ needed in today’s environment must support both (i) effective action and (ii) Values and service oriented behaviour.

Effective action without human values can lead to personal benefits for individuals but a long-term cost to both nation and society. Human values without effective action can lead to an inability on the part of the individual to perform and flourish in today’s environment.

This combination of effectiveness with human values is crystallized in the concept of “contributor ship”.

- 4.0 Students who adopt and develop the right mindsets early in their professional career are able to bring about a positive and sustainable change in their overall personality.

They are able to grow the right approaches to their peers, seniors, industry, and their own future. They become more responsible and capable of shaping their own lives.

Therefore, the program may be rightly called a “Contributor Personality Development Program”.

5.0 Any program of this sort must, in order to be effective, be inspired and guided by a high ideal and principles/ practices flowing from that ideal.

The Contributor Personality Program is guided by the ideals and ideas of Swami Vivekananda – who represented in his leonine personality the highest ideals of human values combined with effective action.

The Contributor Personality



Contributor

- **Creates value - for self, for the organization, for society**
- **Takes charge and makes things happen, making a positive difference**
- **Creates opportunities and sees possibilities everywhere**
- **Is 'in demand' wherever he/she goes**
- **Seeks long-term career success and life-fulfillment**

(B) Course Outline

Topics 1-6 relate to the basic axioms or “mental models” that students carry about themselves, about success, careers, contribution, etc. The right mental models are a necessary prerequisite for developing into a Contributor.

Topics 7-12 are 6 core practices that will help a student manifest the ideal of contributor ship in one’s life.

Topics 13-15 relate to the students capability to connect into the job-market.

Topic	Course Title
1	<p>Who is a Contributor</p> <p>Student develops an appreciation of who the Contributors are and how they fundamentally differ from Non-contributors in their overall approach to work, to other human beings, to society as a whole.</p>
2	<p>The Contributor’s identity</p> <p>Student develops his/ her own answer to the question “who am I?” The student</p>

	<p>becomes aware of the fact that Non-contributors usually define themselves in terms of what they have acquired in life (e.g. qualifications, position, years of experience, etc.) while Contributors define themselves in terms of what they will become or accomplish (e.g. capacity to deliver, commitment and ownership of the organization's purpose, etc.).</p>
3	<p>The Contributor's vision of success</p> <p>The student explores the meaning of success in his life. Through this exploration, the student is expected to recognize that Contributors have a wider definition of success than Non-contributors. While Non-contributors define success in terms of material success, achievement, external impact, etc., Contributors are able to widen this definition of success to include personal fulfillment, development of self-esteem, ongoing development of personal capabilities etc.</p>
4	<p>The Contributor's vision of career</p> <p>The student learns to distinguish between an "acquisitive career" and a "contributive career". An acquisitive career is one in which the career-seeker is focused on acquiring higher position, higher salary, more benefits etc. This preoccupation with selfish interests often damages the individual's career, as well as, damages the organization and society. A contributive career is one where the career-seeker is focused on contributing, with rewards being a by-product of the contributions made.</p>
5	<p>The scope of contribution</p> <p>The student learns to perceive that in all type of work, every type of role, there is a possibility of contributing at multiple levels – contributing to self, contributing to organization, and contributing to society.</p> <p>The student also appreciates the difference between "acquisition for self" and "contribution to self" – the former being material acquisition and the latter being conscious development of oneself through the medium of one's career.</p>
6	<p>Embarking on the journey to contributor ship</p> <p>The student recognizes the fundamental "building blocks" for becoming a Contributor – the first building block being a shift from a "victim" to being a "creator of one's destiny"; the second building block being acceptance of the ideal of contributor ship; the third building block being the willingness to take full responsibility for one's own development; the fourth building block being the capacity to reflect on one's development and make appropriate modifications.</p>

7	<p>Design Solutions</p> <p>When faced with a challenge, the Contributor’s first response is: “Can we find a solution?” This is unlike a Non-contributor who may respond to the challenge by trying a little and giving up, blaming others, or finding excuses to cover up the issue.</p> <p>Whereas, the Contributor finds a solution. In other words, the Contributor develops the capacity to find solutions through continuous practice and learning from other Contributors.</p> <p>In this topic, students learn the importance of willingness and ability to find solutions.</p>
8	<p>Focus on value</p> <p>What does creating value mean? It means making a positive difference, a tangible impact, a specific contribution to any situation. This positive difference or impact can be in the form of achieving a specific goal, creating a product, creating „human touch“ in a particular interaction, or enhancing one’s own capacity, or the capacity of one’s colleagues and team- mates.</p> <p>Contributors are therefore extremely result-focused, but the result is measured in terms of value created.</p> <p>In this topic, students learn to clarify the meaning of the word “value” and how value is created in various situations.</p>
9	<p>Engage deeply</p> <p>Contributors are instantly distinguished by the way they approach work. They get involved. They are enthusiastic. They go deep into the subject. In short, Contributors love what they do.</p> <p>This is in direct contrast to Non-contributors who want to do only what they love - an approach that seems reasonable until you realize that life and workplaces have so much variety that you may very often be called upon to do tasks that seem unpleasant or boring until you get involved.</p> <p>In this topic, students learn the importance of engaging deeply with whatever work they do – at work, in study, in personal life.</p>
10	<p>Think in Enlightened Self-interest</p> <p>Contributors think in Enlightened Self-Interest. In every situation they get into, they find a way to create something good for self and for all at the same time – including team mates, bosses, customers and their organization.</p> <p>Contrasting to this is the mindset of a Non-Contributor. Such a person is only concerned with his/ her own self-interest in a situation. He/she is not concerned about the impact (positive or negative) on the other person. This leads to unpleasant</p>

	<p>situations, broken relationships, unhappy team-mates, subordinates, and bosses, and lower trust in any situation.</p> <p>Students are expected to learn to appreciate the importance of thinking win-win for all stakeholders and also in various situations.</p>
11	<p>Practice Imaginative Sympathy</p> <p>One of the unique qualities of Contributors is their ability to appreciate and understand others' life situation, others' mental condition, and others' point of view. How do they do this?</p> <p>They have consciously developed a „way of thinking“ called „Imaginative Sympathy“. In this way of thinking, they are able to give due importance to the human aspects of a situation, and not just the technical or commercial aspects.</p> <p>But this is not all. Imaginative Sympathy goes beyond looking at the human aspects of the situation. It also means that Contributors are able to anticipate possible interactions or reactions, they are able to take a multi-dimensional view of a situation and they are able to bring about changes or results while taking everybody along with them.</p> <p>Imaginative Sympathy translates itself into active concern for others. Students will learn the importance and consequences of Imaginative Sympathy in a workplace situation.</p>
12	<p>Demonstrate Trust Behavior</p> <p>Contributors recognize that they are able to achieve results and make contributions with the help of other human beings. They receive this help if and only if they are trusted and, in turn, trust. Contributors practice trust behavior from very early in their career, thereby building a huge trust balance (like a bank balance) over their career and relationships.</p> <p>The term Trust Behavior may be described as character-in-action. This includes keeping one's word and commitments, staying with a task, acting with integrity in every situation, making sure that there is complete transparency in one's actions and interactions, etc.</p> <p>Students are expected to learn to develop a deep appreciation of trust behavior and how it is practiced.</p>
13	<p>Resume Building</p> <p>In this topic, students learn to develop a resume for the job-market. Students will learn to develop both a generic resume and resumes specific to some types of jobs. Students learn about best practices and common errors in developing their resume.</p>

	Most important, students learn to analyze the jobs offered and present themselves in terms of their potential / willingness to contribute to the job.
14	<p>Group Discussions (GDs)</p> <p>In this topic, students learn (i) how to participate in a group discussion from the contributor's view-point (i.e. how to speak) (ii) how to contribute to the development of the topic (i.e. what to speak) and (iii) to develop the Contributor's view-point on various GD topics (i.e. how to interpret a topic of discussion from the point of view of a contributor)</p>
15	<p>Interview Skills</p> <p>In this topic, students learn about (i) common interview questions and how to develop answers (ii) typical challenges faced in interviews beyond the questions (such as body language, grooming, presentation) (iii) most important, the student learns the importance of trust building and creating confidence in the interview.</p>

(C) Course Plan

The course duration is 48 hours. It can be conducted in sessions of 1 hour each or some of the sessions can be combined as 2 hours each. The course plan is as follows –

<p>Topic 1: Who is a Contributor –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol I) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects 	3 hours
<p>Topic 2: The Contributor's identity –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol I) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects 	3 hours
<p>Topic 13: Resume Building</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 2 hours for Concepts, Tools, and Techniques – 2 hours for Projects 	4 hours
<p>Topic 3: The Contributor's vision of success –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol I) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects 	3 hours
<p>Topic 4: The Contributor's vision of career –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol I) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects 	3 hours
<p>Topic 5: The scope of contribution –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol I) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects 	3 hours

Topic 6: Embarking on the journey to contributorship – – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol I) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects	3 hours
Topic 14: Group Discussions (GDs) – 2 hours for Concepts, Tools, and Techniques – 2 hours for Projects and Practice	4 hours
Topic 7: Design Solutions – – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol II) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects	3 hours
Topic 8: Focus on value – – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol II) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects	3 hours
Topic 9: Engage deeply – – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol II) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects	3 hours
Topic 10: Think in Enlightened Self-interest – – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol II) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects	3 hours
Topic 11: Practise Imaginative Sympathy – – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol II) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects	3 hours
Topic 12: Demonstrate Trust Behavior – – 2 hours Theory and practice exercises based on Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vol II) – 1 hour Presentations and Projects	3 hours
Topic 15: Interview Skills – 2 hours for Concepts, Tools, and Techniques – 2 hours for Projects and Practice	4 hours
TOTAL	48 hours

(D) Examination Approach

Total marks: 150. Break-up of marks -

- (i) Final exam: 70 marks (equal weightage for topics 1-15)
- (ii) Presentations and projects for topics 1-12: 30 marks
- (iii) Projects for topics 13-15: 50 marks

(E) Instructional Strategy

1.0 The entire course will use a three-level instructional strategy

- Level I: Classroom Explorations
- Level II: Projects and Presentations
- Level III: Self-study by students

2.0 Level I: Classroom Explorations

1. The Classroom Explorations will be organized around the „Contributor Personality Program – Study Book“.

The Study Book may be downloaded by the student from the resource site produced by GTU.

2. The Classroom Explorations involves two kinds of explorations:
 - (i) Exploration of key concepts / frameworks such as “contributors vision of success” etc.
 - (ii) Exploration of the examples provided in the CPP Study Book.
3. The Classroom Explorations will be supported by Session Guide Sheets available online in the CPP ActivGuide.

3.0 Level II: Projects & Presentations

1. The entire Classroom Exploration process will be supplemented by projects and presentations.
2. Session Guides will provide sample topics for projects and presentations. Individual instructors will be free to develop their own projects/ presentation topics also.
3. This will not only enhance conceptual clarity but also build presentation, public-speaking, report writing, and group discussion skills of the students.

4.0 Level III: Self Study by students

1. Students will be given extensive learning support (upto 400 learning units) in the ActivGuide website. This will include videos, presentations, tests, etc.
2. Students can refer to ActivGuide on their own time through internet.

(F) Reference Material

Basic Study Material

SN	Author/s	Name of Reference	Publisher	Edition
1	Illumine Knowledge Resources Pvt. Ltd. (Downloadable from the internet)	Contributor Personality Program Workbook (Vols I & II)	Illumine Knowledge Resources Pvt. Ltd	Latest
2	Illumine Knowledge Resources Pvt. Ltd. (will be made available to all students on the Internet)	Contributor Personality Program ActivGuide	Illumine Knowledge Resources Pvt. Ltd	Latest

Reference Books

Topic	Course Title	Reference
1	Who is a Contributor	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. On Contributors, Srinivas V.; Illumine Ideas, 20112. Enlightened Citizenship and Democracy; Swami Ranganathananda, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 19893. Personality Development, Swami Vivekananda; Advaita Ashrama
2	The Contributor's identity	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To have or to be, Erich Fromm; Continuum International Publishing Group, 20052. The art of being, Erich Fromm; Continuum International Publishing Group, 19923. Raja Yoga, Swami Vivekananda; Advaita Ashrama
3	The Contributor's vision of success	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Eternal Values for a Changing Society – Vol IV (Ch 25, 35), Swami Ranganathananda; Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 19932. Karma Yoga, Swami Vivekananda; Advaita Ashrama
4	The Contributor's vision of career	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Six Pillars of Self Esteem , Nathaniel Branden; Bantam, 19952. Mindset: The New Psychology of Success, Carol S. Dweck; Random House Publishing Group, 2007
5	The scope of contribution	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Awakening India, Swami Vivekananda; Ramakrishna Mission, New Delhi, 20112. Eternal Values for a Changing Society – Vol IV

		<p>(Ch 35), Swami Ranganathananda; Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1993</p> <p>3. Lasting Contribution: How to Think, Plan, and Act to Accomplish Meaningful Work, Tad Waddington; Agate Publishing, 2007</p>
6	Embarking on the journey to contributor ship	<p>1. Vivekananda: His Call to the Nation, Swami Vivekananda; Advaita Ashrama</p> <p>2. Eternal Values for a Changing Society – Vol IV (Ch 33), Vol III (Ch 19, 21, 30) Swami Ranganathananda; Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1993</p> <p>3. Lectures from Colombo to Almora, Swami Vivekananda; Advaita Ashrama</p>
7	Design Solutions	<p>1. Why not?: how to use everyday ingenuity to solve problems big and small, Barry Nalebuff, Ian Ayres; Harvard Business School Press, 2003</p> <p>2. How to Have a Beautiful Mind, Edward De Bono; Vermilion, 2004</p>
8	Focus on value	<p>1. The value mindset: returning to the first principles of capitalist enterprise (Ch 8 & 9); Erik Stern, Mike Hutchinson; John Wiley and Sons, 2004</p> <p>2. Managing for Results, Peter F. Drucker; HarperCollins, 2009</p>
9	Engage deeply	<p>1. The Power of Full Engagement: Managing Energy, Not Time, is the Key to High Performance and Personal Renewal, Jim Loehr, Tony Schwartz; Simon and Schuster, 2003</p>
10	Think in Enlightened Self-interest	<p>1. The 7 Habits of Highly Effective People, Stephen R. Covey; Simon and Schuster, 2004</p> <p>2. Creating Shared Value, Michael E. Porter and Mark R. Kramer; Harvard Business Review; Jan/Feb2011, Vol. 89 Issue 1/2</p>
11	Practice Imaginative Sympathy	<p>1. Eternal Values for a Changing Society – Vol IV (Ch 8, 10, 23, 35, 37), Swami Ranganathananda; Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1993</p> <p>2. Eternal Values for a Changing Society – Vol III (Ch 18), Swami Ranganathananda; Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1993</p>
12	Demonstrate Trust Behavior	<p>1. The Speed of Trust: The One Thing That Changes Everything, Stephen M. R. Covey, Rebecca R. Merrill, Stephen R. Covey; Free Press, 2008</p> <p>2. Integrity: The Courage to Meet the Demands of</p>

		Reality, Henry Cloud; HarperCollins, 2009 3. Responsibility at work: how leading professionals act (or don't act) responsibly, Howard Gardner; John Wiley & Sons, 2007
13	Resume Building	1. What Color Is Your Parachute? 2012: A Practical Manual for Job-Hunters and Career-Changers, Richard Nelson Bolles; Ten Speed Press, 2011 2. The what color is your parachute workbook: how to create a picture of your ideal job or next career, Richard Nelson Bolles; Ten Speed Press, 2011
14	Group Discussions (GDs)	1. Effective Group Discussion: Theory and Practice, Gloria J. Galanes, Katherine Adams; McGraw-Hill, 2004
15	Interview Skills	1. What Color Is Your Parachute? 2012: A Practical Manual for Job-Hunters and Career-Changers, Richard Nelson Bolles; Ten Speed Press, 2011 2. The what color is your parachute workbook: how to create a picture of your ideal job or next career, Richard Nelson Bolles; Ten Speed Press, 2011

General References:-

SN	Author/s	Name of Book	Publisher	Edition
1	Swami Ranganathananda	Universal Message of the Bhagavad Gita (Vol 1-3)	Advaita Ashrama, Kolkata	Latest
2	Swami Ranganathananda	Eternal Values for a Changing Society (Vol 1-4)	Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan	Latest
3	Asim Chaudhuri	Vivekananda: A Born Leader	Advaita Ashrama, Kolkata	Latest
4	Swami Vivekananda	Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda (Vol 1-9)	Advaita Ashrama, Kolkata	Latest
5	Swami Vivekananda	Letters of Swami Vivekananda	Advaita Ashrama, Kolkata	Latest